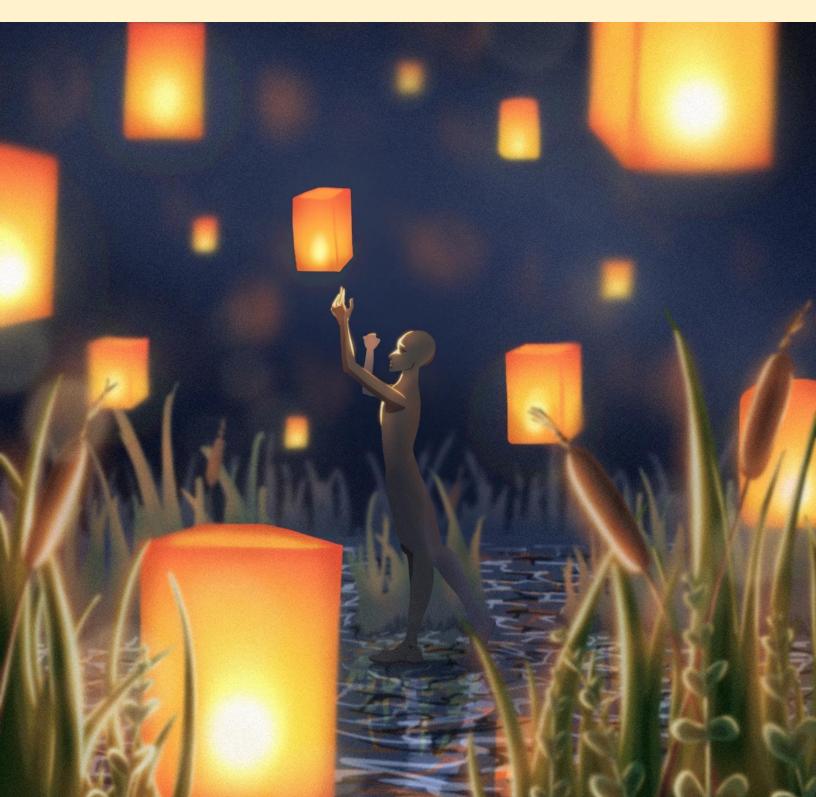


# **Evaluation Program**& Artist Competition



SYLLABUS · 2021-2022



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# Introduction

# Is this evaluation program right for you?

#### **Benefits of Music Evaluations**

#### Structured Approach

- For students, a leveled guide to learning and improving musical skills
- For teachers, a comprehensive resource for curriculum planning

#### **Cultivating Well-Rounded Musicians**

 Various aspects of musicianship covered, including but not limited to repertoire, sight reading, listening skills, critical thinking skills

#### Feedback from Evaluator

Receive detailed feedback from an experienced evaluator

#### **Goal Setting**

 Graded levels allow students and teachers to create goals and with deadlines to help achieve them

#### **Observed Progress**

• Students and parents gain fulfillment by observing measurable improvement supported by a structured evaluation program

#### Special Emphases in the MusicIN Evaluation Program

#### Creative Skills: Composition, Improvisation, Arranging

A Creative Skills section to explore skills like arranging, composition, improvisation, and playing from a lead sheet

#### Communication Skills: Interaction and Engagement with Evaluators

Inviting interaction between Student and Evaluator to gain a mutual and deeper understanding and appreciation of each other's interests and perspectives

#### Purposeful Inclusion of Musical Styles and Cultures

Purposeful and plentiful inclusion of musical styles and cultures outside of Western Classical music, both in the Performance and Written portions of the evaluation

#### Critical Thinking: The Big Picture

↑ Challenging students with open-ended questions to formulate opinions and be able to discuss them

#### Holistic and Interdisciplinary Applications

Participating in the Project Exhibition invites students to explore their music studies in a holistic application, connecting it to other passions in their lives

## **Levels of Evaluation**

# **Non-Competitive & Competitive Options**

There are ten levels in a non-competitive setting and a competitive option.

#### Non-Competitive (MusicIN Evaluations)

- Levels 1-10 spanning from Beginning to Advanced.
  - Standard: All components of the Evaluation will be performed, with the exception of the Project Exhibition, which is optional and only required for Honors designation.
  - Explorer: Students only have to choose one of the Applied Skills (Creative Skills, Chat with Evaluator, Project Exhibition) to perform.

#### **Competitive (MusicIN Artist Competition)**

- The MusicIN Artist Competition is for high-level repertoire and performance.
- There are two divisions: Junior (ages 13 and under) and Senior (ages 14-22).

# **Evaluation Components**

#### **Skills Evaluated**

Listed below are the skills evaluated in this Evaluation.

#### Repertoire

Repertoire is rated on three aspects: Technical Proficiency (notes, rhythms, etc.), Musical Proficiency (tone, phrasing, etc.), and Stage Presence (confidence, personality, professionalism).

#### **Creative Skills**

Creative Skills explore improvisation, arranging, and composition. Students choose from one of these skills that require a creative element.

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Verbal communication skills are evaluated via an informal chat with the Evaluator. In addition to communication through music, verbal communication is also essential in not only musicians, but virtually any profession a student could go into.

#### Theory, Ear Training, Critical Thinking

The written exam portion is intended to evaluate students' theory skills in applications of real pieces of music and will also include an open-answer short answer question for students to critically analyze given topic. While the rigor of this comprehensive exam remains high, the quantity of questions is minimized to reduce fatigue.

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students have so much innate creativity yet there are not often ways for them to express or showcase it. This exhibition allows students to share about something in music they are passionate about and how it can also relate to other parts of their lives.

# **Overall Requirements & Honors Designation**

# Scoring

Standard Evaluations are scored on a total of 100 points.

Explorer Evaluations are scored on a total of the number of sections the student participates in. For example, if the student performs only Repertoire, the Performance Section will be scored out of a total of 35 points.

Feedback and comments are provided in each section.

Performance Section	50 pts
Repertoire	
Technical Proficiency	15 pts
Musical Proficiency	15 pts
Stage Presence	5 pts
Applications	
Creative Skills	10 pts
Chat with Evaluator	5 pts
Project Exhibition	(optional, but required for Honors)
Written Section	50 pts
Analysis of Two Pieces	30 pts
Music History & Around the World	10 pts
Ear Training	5 pts
Critical Thinking Short Answer	5 pts
Total	100 pts

# **Honors Designation**

Students who receive a minimum of **40 points in both the Performance and Written** sections of the Evaluation as well as participate in the **Project Exhibition**, will receive the Honors distinction. Along with the distinction on the certificate, students that are Level 5 or higher will be invited to a special Honors Celebration recital that will occur a few weeks after the Evaluations.

#### **Instruments**

As of 2021-2022, the MusicIN Evaluation Program is for piano only. We will continue to develop syllabi for other instruments.

The MusicIN Artist Competition is open to all instruments and voice.

# **Specific Requirements for Each Section**

## **Performance Evaluation**

# Repertoire

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required at each level. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at inperson Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

Students are welcome and encouraged to perform works that they have self-composed or arranged in the Repertoire section, as long as the same work is not repeated in the Creative Skills section. If it is notated or a lead sheet is provided, they can use it as one of their three required pieces, or if there is no notation, they may perform it as their optional fourth piece.

#### Time Limits

•	Levels 1-2	5 minutes
•	Levels 3-4	10 minutes
•	Levels 5-8	15 minutes
•	Levels 9-10	20 minutes

•	Artist Competition (Junior)	15 minutes
•	Artist Competition (Senior)	20 minutes

#### Memorization & Use of Sheet Music

With the exception of the Artist Competition, there are **no memorization requirements**. While there may be some inherent benefits to memorizing music, it does not affect the scoring in any way. For any music that is not memorized, a second score must be provided for the evaluator for inperson Evaluations (no photocopies allowed).

#### **Repertoire Selection & Genres**

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

We also encourage students to consider various genres and categories when selecting repertoire. Below are some examples of genres and categories:

- Western Classical: Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Impressionistic, Modern
- Living Composers
- Composers of Color
- Women Composers
- Popular Music (instrumental solo or sing and accompany yourself)
  - PopCountry
  - RockElectronic
- Jazz (lead sheet/improvised or fully notated)
- Musicals
- Media Music
  - Film Soundtracks

o Anime

TV Soundtracks

- Video Games
- Original Composition, Arrangement, or Improvisation\*
- Accompanied Music
  - o Ensembles

Concerti

Note: This is not an exhaustive list. If you consider a piece or song to be worth sharing, you may perform it, as long as there is one piece from the syllabus. Pieces do not need to be pre-approved otherwise.

\*Students may choose to perform creative works in the Repertoire section in addition to in the Creative Skills section. A single piece may only be used for Repertoire OR Creative Skills section, but not both.

#### **Creative Skills**

This section explores a student's comfort and mastery Creative Skills such as improvisation, arranging, and composition. Some of these options can be planned in advance while others are based on material given during the Evaluation, such as a lead sheet or improvisation. Students only need to perform **one (1) of the items below**.

#### **Options for Demonstrating Creative Skills**

- "On the Spot" Creativity
  - 1. Sight read a provided lead sheet provided by Evaluator\*
  - 2. Improvise on basic parameters (chosen by student)
- Pre-Planned Creative Works
  - 3. Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)
  - 4. Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)
  - 5. Perform from a student-provided lead sheet (lead sheet required)

<sup>\*</sup>Suggested realized accompaniment LH notation will be provided for Levels 1-4 and may be used if needed.

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

This is an opportunity for students to open up and share a little about their music and/or musical journey. Focus is more on communication skills, as the questions are open-ended with no right or wrong answers.

Evaluators will ask two (2) questions to the student, and students will be able to ask one (1) question to the Evaluator. Sample questions that the Evaluator will ask are listed in the Syllabus, while students may ask any appropriate questions to the Evaluator. Students will also be able to explore the bio of their assigned Evaluator beforehand to learn a bit about the Evaluators background and story as well.

## **Written Examination**

The written examination is designed to be a brief, yet comprehensive assessment of students' knowledge of music theory, history, and ear training, as well as a short answer question related to critical thinking. All questions are context based and based off of pieces of music rather than questions in isolation. The written examination will be conducted online (for both students doing in-person and online evaluations) and is an open-note exam. The critical thinking short answer question will come from the Syllabus, so students will be able to prepare their answers.

#### **Written Examination Levels**

The written exams are broken down into five levels as shown below:

- Elementary: Levels 1-2
- Early Intermediate: Levels 3-4
- Late Intermediate: Levels 5-6
- Early Advanced: Levels 7-8
- Advanced: Levels 9-10

#### **Points Breakdown**

- Two (2) Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

# **Project Exhibition**

The Project Exhibition is an exciting opportunity for students to **showcase skills that combine music with other interests in their lives**. This portion of the Evaluation is optional and not assessed with points, but comments will be given. **It is required to participate in the Project Exhibition for Honors consideration.** While the Performance Evaluation with the Evaluator only, the Project Exhibitions are held in a separate room open to an audience (e.g., other students and parents). The project should be something that has been **completed within up to 12 months prior the Evaluation date**.

Students will present a topic or project that is meaningful to them that they would like to share. Students may also choose to collaborate with others who may or may not also be participating in the Evaluations. A projector and/or piano may or may not be present and students will need to adjust accordingly. This will be included with logistical details from the local Chair.

#### **Project Examples**

- Perform
  - 1. On an instrument that is different from your evaluation instrument
  - 2. Introduce and perform your original composition
  - 3. Dance to a piece of music that is significant to you
  - 4. A poem, speech, soliloguy, skit, etc.
  - 5. Any other type of performing art
- Showcase
  - 1. Music video that you created
  - 2. Animation with music that you created
  - 3. A piece of visual art related to music
  - 4. A 3-D printed model of a musical instrument or other related item
  - 5. Your personal website
  - 6. Your YouTube channel or other similar media
- Present / Discuss
  - 1. Discuss the inspiration for your original composition
  - 2. A personal initiative that you are involved in
  - 3. A personal message of why you study music
  - 4. About music of a certain style or culture
  - 5. A community-based project related to music
  - 6. A specific music theory or history topic
  - 7. A specific piece or composer
  - 8. A book or topic about music
  - 9. A book or topic about learning (in general)
- Audience Participation
  - 1. A quick music-related quiz game
  - 2. An activity with the audience to demonstrate a point
- Anything else that you come up with!

# **Honors Celebration**

A few weeks after the Evaluations, the Honors Celebration will be held.

#### **Honors Celebration**

Students **Level 5 or higher** who obtain an Honors distinction in the Evaluations will be invited to participate in the Honors Celebration. Students may choose to **perform any piece of their choice** and/or **share their projects** from the Project Exhibition.

Winners of the MusicIN Artist Competition will also be invited to perform.

# **Evaluation Fees**

These fees cover all portions of the Evaluation. There are no extra fees for those who qualify for Honors Celebrations.

		CAPMT/MTNA Members	Non-CAPMT/MTNA Members
•	Levels 1-2	\$55	\$75
•	Levels 3-4	\$70	\$90
•	Levels 5-8	\$90	\$110
•	Levels 9-10	\$115	\$135
•	Artist Competition (Junior)	\$90	\$110
•	<b>Artist Competition (Senior)</b>	\$115	<b>\$135</b>

# **Evaluator Training & Bios**

# **Evaluator Training**

In order to maintain the integrity of the program, all evaluators will have training to ensure that consistency is maintained among evaluators. While musical content and feedback is covered, there is also a great deal of attention to the friendliness and professionalism of evaluators.

Evaluators selected cover a wide breadth of musical knowledge and other practical skills. While they all have a strong musical foundation and credentials, they also excel in unique fields in ways that provide exciting opportunities for interactions with students.

#### **Evaluator Bios**

Evaluator biographies will be listed on the website so you can get to know your evaluator a little bit before the Evaluation, and you can consider asking a question during the Chat with Evaluator section that pertains to your specific evaluator. Students will be notified of their evaluator prior to the Evaluation date, but are subject to change due to possible unforeseen reasons.

# **Modes of Evaluation | In-Person & Online**

There are benefits to both online and in-person modes of evaluation, and we are proud to offer both in-person and online evaluations. There are a few differences as outlined below.

#### **In-Person Evaluations**

#### Repertoire, Creative Skills, Chat with Evaluator

Repertoire, Creative Skills, and Chat with Evaluator will be conducted in the same room with the Evaluator, closed to an outside audience. For the safety of students and to streamline the Evaluations, a CAPMT volunteer observer will also be in the room. The observer will not interact with the Evaluator or Student during the Evaluation.

(The exception is the Artist Competition, which will be open to an audience and judged by two Evaluators.)

#### **Project Exhibition**

The Project Exhibitions will be held in a separate room, evaluated by a separate evaluator, and open to an audience.

#### Written Examination (online)

The Written Examination will take place online approximately 1-3 weeks before the Performance Evaluations.

## **Online Evaluations**

#### Repertoire (video submission)

Students will pre-record their Repertoire and submit 1-3 weeks before the live Evaluation. Videos must have been recorded within the past 12 months and there is one video for each piece performed.

#### Live Evaluation: Creative Skills, Chat with Evaluator, Project Exhibition

There will be a live meeting scheduled on Zoom with Student and Evaluator to conduct the Creative Skills, Chat with Evaluator, and Project Exhibition.

For the Artist Competition, two evaluators will judge and select the winners.

#### Written Examination

The Written Examination will be taken online approximately 1-3 weeks before the live Evaluation.

### **Artist Competition (In-Person only for 2021-2022)**

The Artist Competition will be held in-person only for the 2021-2022 year. There will be two judges and performances are open to an audience.

# **Rubrics & Guidelines**

# Repertoire

The repertoire will be assessed in three main categories: Technical Proficiency, Musical Proficiency, and Stage Presence. **Points between the markers given below, including half points may also be given (e.g., 12.5 pts)**.

	<b>Technical Proficiency (15 pts)</b> Accuracy of notes and rhythms, clarity of sound, etc.		
15	5 Essentially flawless, of superior / professional level		
12	12 Several slips, but did not interfere with otherwise solid performance		
Few fundamental errors not simply resulting from nerves (consistent errors in the similar spots or rhythmic patterns, for example)			
		8	8 Significant errors and/or severely under tempo, still in practice stages
7	7 Pieces are incomplete and not fully learned (not due to time limit issue)		
≤ 6	≤ 6 (will not be assigned)		

Musical Proficiency (15 pts)			
	Style & interpretation, musical maturity, phrasing, etc.		
15	15 Superior / Professional quality, extra thought put in for a special performance		
12	12 Excellent quality, solid musicality		
10	10 Average quality, could use attention in various areas		
8	8 Minimal attention given to musicality, could use significant focus in all areas		
7	7 Aspects detract significantly from the music		
≤ 6	(will not be assigned)		

Stage Presence (5 pts)		
Confidence, professionalism, personality, freedom of body movement, etc.		
5	5 Excellent poise, displays particularly memorable moments	
4	4 Good poise, mature, no significant deficiencies	
3	3 Average poise, some deficiencies	
2	2 Significant issues need to be addressed	
1	(will not be assigned)	

# **Creative Skills**

Creative Skills (10 pts)			
	Improvisation, arranging, composition, etc.		
10	Superior / Professional quality, demonstrates particularly strong command for a		
10	special performance		
9	9 Excellent quality, demonstrates level-appropriate command and variety		
8	8 Good quality, a solid effort in explorations		
7	7 Average quality, limited variety and fluency		
6	6 Frequent and significant stops and/or hesitations that impeded the quality of music		
5	5 An incomplete attempt		
1-4	(will not be assigned)		
0	Did not attempt		

# **Chat with Evaluator**

	Chat with Evaluator (5 pts)		
5	5 Thoughtful responses that sparked conversation. Also asked evaluator a question.		
4 Full-sentence responses. Also asked evaluator a question.			
3	Responses limited to phrases/incomplete sentences OR did not ask a question.		
2	2 A one-word answer or just nodding of head.		
1	(will not be assigned)		
0	Did not attempt		

# **Requirements by Level**

Level 1

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **five (5) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet         <ul> <li>Melody: Five-finger pattern in C Major or A minor</li> <li>Harmony: Will consist of I-IV-V or i-iv-V only (e.g., C, F, G or Am, Dm, E)</li></ul></li></ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ How did you choose which Creative Skill activity to do?
- ★ Why do you think (insert repertoire piece name) was given its title?
- ★ If (insert repertoire piece name) were in a movie, what would be happening in this scene?
- ★ Where did you discover the piece (insert repertoire piece name)?
- ★ Do you associate any emotions with any of the pieces you performed?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

# **Written Examination**

# Elementary | Levels 1 & 2

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Pitch & Notation	<ul> <li>Note Identification (up to two ledger lines)</li> <li>Line vs. Space Notes</li> <li>Accidentals: sharps, flats, naturals</li> </ul>
Key Signatures	<ul><li>Clefs: Treble &amp; Bass</li><li>Major and minor up to two sharps or flats</li></ul>
Intervals	<ul> <li>Whole steps vs. half steps</li> <li>Unison through octave, number only (no quality)</li> </ul>
Pentascales / Five-Finger Patterns	All Major and minor pentascales
Scales (one octave)	<ul><li>Major</li><li>Natural and harmonic minor</li></ul>
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major and minor triads</li> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul>
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Notes &amp; Rests: whole, dotted half, half, quarter, eighth</li> <li>Time Signatures: <sup>2</sup>/<sub>4</sub> <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub></li> </ul>
	Signs & Terms
Dynamics	<ul><li>pp, p, mp, mf, f, ff</li><li>crescendo vs. diminuendo</li></ul>
Tempo	<ul> <li>adagio, andante, moderato, allegro</li> <li>ritardando vs. accelerando; a tempo</li> </ul>
Articulations	accent, staccato, slur/legato, tie, fermata

#### **Music History & Around the World**

For the two categories below, students will only need to match the instrument with the family, and list the composers or instruments in the "Around the World" section.

#### **Instrument Families: Western Classical**

W	oodwinds	Br	ass	St	rings	Pe	ercussion
•	flute	•	trumpet	•	violin	•	snare drum
•	clarinet	•	trombone	•	cello	•	timpani

#### **Around the World**

• List three composers that they enjoyed playing or listening to (last name only as well as slight spelling errors are acceptable)

#### OR

List three non-Western instruments from different regions
 (Latin America, Africa, Asia, Middle East, Native America, Oceania, etc.)

#### **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired.

- Triads: Major vs. minor triads (root position only, played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Tonality: Major vs. minor melody using pentascale / five-finger pattern
- Scales: Major vs. harmonic minor (in a short musical excerpt)
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (dynamics, tempo, articulations)
- Instrument Families: Be able to identify which orchestral family the instrument belongs to

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of three sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- What are some helpful tips you can give other students in preparation for the Evaluation?
- Often in music, contrast and variety are important. Soft vs. loud, slow vs. fast, long vs. short. What are some other examples in life or other activities you do where there is a lot of contrast and variety?

# **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have five (5) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 2

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **five (5) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet</li> <li>Key: C Major or A minor</li> <li>Melody: One-octave range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads (except for vii°)         <ul> <li>A suggested bass will be provided, but student is encouraged to substitute with their own accompaniment if comfortable</li> </ul> </li> <li>Improvise for 15-60 seconds utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)</li> <li>Pentatonic scale (black keys)</li> <li>Moods (relaxed, dark, joyful, etc.)</li> <li>Contrast (slow/fast, soft/loud, staccato/legato, etc.)</li> </ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ How did you choose which Creative Skill activity to do?
- ★ Why do you think (insert repertoire piece name) was given its title?
- ★ If (insert repertoire piece name) were in a movie, what would be happening in this scene?
- ★ Where did you discover the piece (insert repertoire piece name)?
- ★ Do you associate any emotions with any of the pieces you performed?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

# **Written Examination**

# Elementary | Levels 1 & 2

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Pitch & Notation	<ul> <li>Note Identification (up to two ledger lines)</li> <li>Line vs. Space Notes</li> <li>Accidentals: sharps, flats, naturals</li> <li>Clefs: Treble &amp; Bass</li> </ul>		
Key Signatures	Major and minor up to two sharps or flats		
Intervals	<ul><li>Whole steps vs. half steps</li><li>Unison through octave, number only (no quality)</li></ul>		
Pentascales / Five-Finger Patterns	All Major and minor pentascales		
Scales (one octave)	<ul><li>Major</li><li>Natural and harmonic minor</li></ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major and minor triads</li> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul>		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Notes &amp; Rests: whole, dotted half, half, quarter, eighth</li> <li>Time Signatures: <sup>2</sup>/<sub>4</sub> <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub></li> </ul>		
	Signs & Terms		
Dynamics	<ul><li>pp, p, mp, mf, f, ff</li><li>crescendo vs. diminuendo</li></ul>		
Tempo	<ul> <li>adagio, andante, moderato, allegro</li> <li>ritardando vs. accelerando; a tempo</li> </ul>		
Articulations	accent, staccato, slur/legato, tie, fermata		

## **Music History & Around the World**

For the two categories below, students will only need to match the instrument with the family, and list the composers or instruments in the "Around the World" section.

#### **Instrument Families: Western Classical**

Woodwinds	Brass	Strings	Percussion
<ul> <li>flute</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>trumpet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>violin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>snare drum</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarinet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>trombone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cello</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>timpani</li> </ul>

#### **Around the World**

• List three composers that they enjoyed playing or listening to (last name only as well as slight spelling errors are acceptable)

#### OR

List three non-Western instruments from different regions
 (Latin America, Africa, Asia, Middle East, Native America, Oceania, etc.)

#### **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired.

- Triads: Major vs. minor triads
   (root position only, played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Tonality: Major vs. minor melody using pentascale / five-finger pattern
- Scales: Major vs. harmonic minor (in a short musical excerpt)
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (dynamics, tempo, articulations)
- Instrument Families: Be able to identify which orchestral family the instrument belongs to

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of three sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- What are some helpful tips you can give other students in preparation for the Evaluation?
- Often in music, contrast and variety are important. Soft vs. loud, slow vs. fast, long vs. short. What are some other examples in life or other activities you do where there is a lot of contrast and variety?

# **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have five (5) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 3

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **ten (10) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet</li> <li>Key: Major or minor key with one flat or sharp</li> <li>Melody: One-octave range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads (except for viio)</li> <li>A suggested bass will be provided, but student is encouraged to substitute with their own accompaniment if comfortable</li> <li>Improvise for 20-60 seconds utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)</li> <li>Pentatonic scale (black keys)</li> <li>Question &amp; Answer Phrases)</li> </ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ How did you choose which Creative Skill activity to do?
- ★ If you were to draw a picture to visually describe (insert repertoire piece name), what would it look like?
- ★ Where did you discover the piece (insert repertoire piece name)?
- ★ As you were practicing for this Evaluation, what went well? What would you change the next time around?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

# **Written Examination**

# Early Intermediate | Levels 3 & 4

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	Major and minor up to five sharps or flats	
Intervals	<ul> <li>Whole steps, diatonic vs. chromatic half steps</li> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor</li> </ul>	
Scales	<ul> <li>Major</li> <li>Natural, harmonic, and melodic minor</li> <li>Parallel vs. relative major and minor</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> </ul>	
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major and minor triads with figured bass and lead sheet symbols</li> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> <li>Dominant 7<sup>th</sup> chords</li> <li>Root position only</li> </ul>	
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Notes &amp; Rests: through sixteenth (16<sup>th</sup>)</li> <li>Time Signatures: ¾ vs. §, C vs. ¢</li> </ul>	
	Signs & Terms	
Tempo	<ul> <li>grave, largo, lento, adagio, andante, moderato, allegretto, allegro, presto, prestissimo</li> <li>meno mosso vs. piu mosso</li> </ul>	
Style	<ul> <li>cantabile, dolce, espressivo</li> <li>pocovs. molto</li> </ul>	
Other Terms	con pedale, D.C. al Fine, Fine	

## **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to know the order of the periods, match instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

#### Western Classical Music History: Periods

• Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Modern

#### Instrument Families: Western Classical

#### Woodwinds

- flute
- oboe
- clarinet
- bassoon
- saxophone

#### **Brass**

- trumpet
- French horn
- trombone
- tuba

#### Percussion

- snare drum, bass drum,
  - timpani
- cymbals, triangle

## **Strings**

- violin
- viola
- cello
- double bass

#### Vocals

- soprano
- alto
- tenor
- bass

#### **Around the World**

Argentina: Tango

India: Raag / Raga

Indonesia: Gamelan

Mexico: Mariachi

United States: Gospel

# **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: minor 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 2<sup>nd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 5<sup>th</sup> (played blocked, broken, and in a melody)
- Chords: Major and minor triads, dominant 7th (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Tonality: Major vs. minor tonality (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor (in a short musical excerpt)
- Meter:  $\frac{3}{4}$  vs.  $\frac{6}{4}$  in a short musical excerpt
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (tempo and style only)
- Instrument Families: Be able to identify which orchestral family the instrument belongs to

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- If someone wanted to learn to take music lessons for the first time, what would be a good instrument for them to start with? Why would you suggest that instrument?
- If you wanted to compose a piece of music to portray this image below (will be pictured on test), what are some musical techniques you might use to do so?
- What do you think is the most important part of this Evaluation to you? Feel free to define "important" in a way that applies to you. It can mean most enjoyable, useful, unique, etc.

# **Optional Project**

## **Project Exhibition**

Students will have five (5) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 4

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **ten (10) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet         <ul> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 1-2 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: One-octave range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads (except for vii°)</li> <li>A suggested bass will be provided, but student is encouraged to substitute with their own accompaniment if comfortable</li> </ul> </li> <li>Improvise for 25-60 seconds utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)         <ul> <li>Primary Triads</li> <li>Ternary Form (ABA)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ How did you choose which Creative Skill activity to do?
- ★ If you were to draw a picture to visually describe (*insert repertoire piece name*), what would it look like?
- ★ Where did you discover the piece (insert repertoire piece name)?
- ★ As you were practicing for this Evaluation, what went well? What would you change the next time around?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

# **Written Examination**

# Early Intermediate | Levels 3 & 4

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	<ul> <li>Major and minor up to five sharps or flats</li> </ul>		
Intervals	<ul> <li>Whole steps, diatonic vs. chromatic half steps</li> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor</li> </ul>		
Scales	<ul> <li>Major</li> <li>Natural, harmonic, and melodic minor</li> <li>Parallel vs. relative major and minor</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> </ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major and minor triads with figured bass and lead sheet symbols</li> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> <li>Dominant 7<sup>th</sup> chords</li> <li>Root position only</li> </ul>		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Notes &amp; Rests: through sixteenth (16<sup>th</sup>)</li> <li>Time Signatures: ¾ vs. ﴿ vs. ﴿</li> </ul>		
	Signs & Terms		
Tempo	<ul> <li>grave, largo, lento, adagio, andante, moderato, allegretto, allegro, presto, prestissimo</li> <li>meno mosso vs. piu mosso</li> </ul>		
Style	<ul> <li>cantabile, dolce, espressivo</li> <li>pocovs. molto</li> </ul>		
Other Terms	• con pedale, D.C. al Fine, Fine		

#### **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to know the order of the periods, match instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

#### Western Classical Music History: Periods

Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Modern

#### Instrument Families: Western Classical

#### Woodwinds

- flute
- oboe
- clarinet
- bassoon
- saxophone

#### **Brass**

- trumpet
- French horn
- trombone
- tuba

#### **Percussion**

- snare drum, bass drum,
  - timpani
- cymbals, triangle

#### **Strings**

- violin
- viola
- cello
- double bass

#### **Vocals**

- soprano
- alto
- tenor
- bass

#### **Around the World**

Argentina: Tango

• India: Raag / Raga

• Indonesia: Gamelan

Mexico: Mariachi

United States: Gospel

# **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: minor 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 2<sup>nd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 5<sup>th</sup> (played blocked, broken, and in a melody)
- Chords: Major and minor triads, dominant 7th
  - (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Tonality: Major vs. minor tonality (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor (in a short musical excerpt)
- Meter:  $\frac{3}{4}$  vs.  $\frac{5}{4}$  in a short musical excerpt
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (tempo and style only)
- Instrument Families: Be able to identify which orchestral family the instrument belongs to

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- If someone wanted to learn to take music lessons for the first time, what would be a good instrument for them to start with? Why would you suggest that instrument?
- If you wanted to compose a piece of music to portray this image below (will be pictured on test), what are some musical techniques you might use to do so?
- What do you think is the most important part of this Evaluation to you? Feel free to define "important" in a way that applies to you. It can mean most enjoyable, useful, unique, etc.

# **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have five (5) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 5

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **fifteen (15) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet</li> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 1-2 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: One-octave range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads (except for vii°)</li> <li>Improvise for 30-60 seconds utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)</li> <li>Slash Chords / Inversions</li> <li>Ternary Form (ABA)</li> <li>12-Bar Blues</li> </ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ How did you choose which Creative Skill activity to do?
- ★ Where did you discover the piece (insert repertoire piece name)?
- ★ If you could ask the composer of one of your pieces, what question(s) would you have for the composer about the decisions they made in composing the piece?
- ★ As you were practicing for this Evaluation, what went well? What would you change the next time around?
- ★ Do you get nervous when performing or giving presentations in front of other people? What kind of advice would you give to those that might get nervous?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

# **Written Examination**

# Intermediate | Levels 5 & 6

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	All Major and minor key signatures	
Intervals	<ul> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor, diminished, Augmented</li> </ul>	
Scales	<ul> <li>All Major and minor (natural, harmonic, melodic) scales</li> <li>Parallel, relative, enharmonic scales</li> <li>Chromatic and whole-tone scales</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> </ul>	
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major, minor, diminished, Augmented triads         (figured bass and lead sheet symbols)         <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Seventh chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, Dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup> <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> inversions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Primary Chords & Harmonization	I-IV-V in Classical, ii-V-I in Jazz	
Cadences	Authentic and half cadences	
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Notes &amp; Rests: through thirty-second (32<sup>nd</sup>)</li> <li>Time Signatures: compound meters</li> </ul>	

Signs & Terms			
Texture	<ul><li>Polyphonic vs. homophonic</li><li>Repetition, sequence, imitation</li></ul>		
Style	<ul> <li>animato, cantabile, con brio, con fuoco, con moto, dolce, espressivo, grazioso, maestoso, marcato, robusto, scherzando, spiritoso, tranquillo, vivace</li> </ul>		
Ornaments	• turn, mordent, trill		
Other Terms	<ul> <li>poco a poco, non, senza, sempre, subito</li> <li>mano destra (m.d.) vs. mano sinistra (m.s.)</li> <li>primo/secondo</li> </ul>		

### **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to match the composer with the period, instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

#### Western Classical Music History: Composers

#### Baroque

- Johann Sebastian Bach
- George Frideric Handel
- Domenico Scarlatti

#### Romantic

- Johannes Brahms
- Frédéric Chopin
- Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

#### Classical

- Ludwig van Beethoven
- Joseph Haydn
- Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

#### Modern

- Béla Bartók
- Dmitry Kabalevsky
- Sergei Prokofiev

## **Instrument Families: Western Classical**

#### Woodwinds

- piccolo, flute
- oboe, **English horn**
- clarinet, bass clarinet
- bassoon
- saxophone

#### **Brass**

- trumpet
- French horn
- trombone,
   bass trombone
- euphonium
- tuba

#### Percussion

- snare drum, bass drum, timpani
- cymbals, triangle
- xylophone, marimba, vibraphone, glockenspiel

#### **Strings**

- violin
- viola
- cello
- double bass

## Vocals

- soprano
- mezzo-soprano
- alto
- tenor
- baritone
- bass

#### **Keyboards**

- harpsichord
- clavichord
- piano
- organ

#### Around the World

Argentina: Tango

Brazil: Samba

• China: Jingju "Beijing Opera"

India: Raag / RagaIndonesia: Gamelan

Jamaica: Reggae Mexico: Mariachi

• South Africa: Mbube "Lion"

Trinidad & Tobago: Calypso

United States: Gospel

## **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: minor 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 2<sup>nd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 4<sup>th</sup>, perfect 5<sup>th</sup>, perfect octave (played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Triads: Major, minor, augmented, diminished triads (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Seventh Chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>
   (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Cadences: Authentic vs. half (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor, chromatic (in a short musical excerpt)
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (texture and style only)

## **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- If you could learn another instrument in addition to piano, what would it be and why? Or if you already play a second instrument, how does playing that instrument differ with playing the piano?
- Is music a universal language why or why not? Does music allow us to communicate with each other regardless of any physical or cultural boundaries?

## **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have ten (10) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 6

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **fifteen (15) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet         <ul> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 2-3 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: Approximately a 10<sup>th</sup> (octave + 3<sup>rd</sup>) range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads</li> </ul> </li> <li>Improvise for 30-90 seconds utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)         <ul> <li>Diatonic Triads (Primary + Secondary)</li> <li>Arpeggios</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>		

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ How did you choose which Creative Skill activity to do?
- ★ Where did you discover the piece (insert repertoire piece name)?
- ★ If you could ask the composer of one of your pieces, what question(s) would you have for the composer about the decisions they made in composing the piece?
- ★ As you were practicing for this Evaluation, what went well? What would you change the next time around?
- ★ Do you get nervous when performing or giving presentations in front of other people? What kind of advice would you give to those that might get nervous?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

## **Written Examination**

## Intermediate | Levels 5 & 6

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Analyses of Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	All Major and minor key signatures		
Intervals	<ul> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor, diminished, Augmented</li> </ul>		
Scales	<ul> <li>All Major and minor (natural, harmonic, melodic) scales</li> <li>Parallel, relative, enharmonic scales</li> <li>Chromatic and whole-tone scales</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> </ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major, minor, diminished, Augmented triads         (figured bass and lead sheet symbols)         <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Seventh chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, Dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup> <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> inversions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Primary Chords & Harmonization	I-IV-V in Classical, ii-V-I in Jazz		
Cadences	Authentic and half cadences		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Notes &amp; Rests: through thirty-second (32<sup>nd</sup>)</li> <li>Time Signatures: compound meters</li> </ul>		

Signs & Terms			
Texture	<ul><li>Polyphonic vs. homophonic</li><li>Repetition, sequence, imitation</li></ul>		
Style	<ul> <li>animato, cantabile, con brio, con fuoco, con moto, dolce, espressivo, grazioso, maestoso, marcato, robusto, scherzando, spiritoso, tranquillo, vivace</li> </ul>		
Ornaments	• turn, mordent, trill		
Other Terms	<ul> <li>poco a poco, non, senza, sempre, subito</li> <li>mano destra (m.d.) vs. mano sinistra (m.s.)</li> <li>primo/secondo</li> </ul>		

#### **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to match the composer with the period, instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

#### Western Classical Music History: Composers

#### Baroque

- Johann Sebastian Bach
- George Frideric Handel
- Domenico Scarlatti

#### Romantic

- Johannes Brahms
- Frédéric Chopin
- Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

#### Classical

- Ludwig van Beethoven
- Joseph Haydn
- Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

#### Modern

- Béla Bartók
- Dmitry Kabalevsky
- Sergei Prokofiev

#### **Instrument Families: Western Classical**

#### Woodwinds

- piccolo, flute
- oboe, **English horn**
- clarinet, bass clarinet
- bassoon
- saxophone

#### **Brass**

- trumpet
- French horn
- trombone,
   bass trombone
- euphonium
- tuba

#### Percussion

- snare drum, bass drum, timpani
- cymbals, triangle
- xylophone, marimba, vibraphone, glockenspiel

#### **Strings**

- violin
- viola
- cello
- double bass

## Vocals

- soprano
- mezzo-soprano
- alto
- tenor
- baritone
- bass

## Keyboards

- harpsichord
- clavichord
- piano
- organ

#### Around the World

Argentina: Tango

• Brazil: Samba

• China: Jingju "Beijing Opera"

India: Raag / RagaIndonesia: Gamelan

Jamaica: ReggaeMexico: Mariachi

• South Africa: Mbube "Lion"

Trinidad & Tobago: Calypso

United States: Gospel

## **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: minor 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 2<sup>nd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 4<sup>th</sup>, perfect 5<sup>th</sup>, perfect octave (played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Triads: Major, minor, augmented, diminished triads (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Seventh Chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>
   (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Cadences: Authentic vs. half (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor, chromatic (in a short musical excerpt)
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (texture and style only)

## **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- If you could learn another instrument in addition to piano, what would it be and why?
   Or if you already play a second instrument, how does playing that instrument differ with playing the piano?
- Is music a universal language why or why not? Does music allow us to communicate with each other regardless of any physical or cultural boundaries?

## **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have ten (10) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

## Level 7

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **fifteen (15) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet         <ul> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 2-3 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: Approximately an octave + 5<sup>th</sup> range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads + dominant 7<sup>th</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>Improvise for 45-120 seconds utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)         <ul> <li>Theme and Variations</li> <li>Diatonic seventh chords (dominant, major, minor)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ If you could ask the composer of one of your pieces, what question(s) would you have for the composer about the decisions they made in composing the piece?
- ★ As you were practicing for this Evaluation, what went well? What would you change the next time around?
- ★ Do you get nervous when performing or giving presentations in front of other people? What kind of advice would you give to those that might get nervous?
- ★ What would you want the audience to take away after hearing you perform?
- ★ What do you think would be an interesting question for evaluators to ask students?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

## **Written Examination**

## Early Advanced | Levels 7 & 8

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	All Major and minor key signatures		
Intervals	<ul> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor, diminished, Augmented</li> </ul>		
Scales	<ul> <li>All Major and minor (natural, harmonic, melodic) scales</li> <li>Parallel, relative, enharmonic scales</li> <li>Chromatic, whole-tone, octatonic, blues scales</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> </ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major, minor, diminished, Augmented triads         (figured bass and lead sheet symbols)         <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Seventh chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, Dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, (fully) diminished 7<sup>th</sup> <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> inversions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Primary Chords & Harmonization	I-IV-V in Classical, ii-V-I in Jazz		
Cadences	Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive cadences		
Modulation	Secondary dominants, pivot chord, direct modulation		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Hemiolas</li> <li>Time Signatures: irregular meters</li> </ul>		
Form & Analysis	<ul> <li>Counterpoint         <ul> <li>Subject, answer, countersubject</li> <li>Real vs. tonal</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sonata form         <ul> <li>Exposition, development, recapitulation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Signs & Terms				
Texture	<ul><li>Polyphonic vs. homophonic</li><li>Repetition, sequence, imitation</li></ul>			
Style	<ul> <li>agitato, animato, cantabile, con brio, con fuoco, con moto, dolce, doloroso, espressivo, giocoso, grazioso, maestoso, marcato, pesante, risoluto, robusto, scherzando, sotto voce, spiritoso, tranquillo, vivace</li> </ul>			
Ornaments	turn, mordent, trill			
Other Terms	<ul> <li>allargando, morendo, non troppo</li> <li>augmentation vs. diminution</li> <li>pedal point</li> </ul>			

## **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to match the composer with the period, instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

#### Western Classical Music History: Composers

#### **Baroque**

- Johann Sebastian Bach
- George Frideric Handel
- Henry Purcell
- Jean-Philippe Rameau
- Domenico Scarlatti
- Georg Philipp Telemann
- Antonio Vivaldi

#### Classical

- Ludwig van Beethoven
- Muzio Clementi
- Carl Czerny
- Anton Diabelli
- Joseph Haydn
- Friedrich Kuhlau
- Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

#### Romantic

- Johannes Brahms
- Frédéric Chopin
- Samuel Coleridge-Taylor
- Edvard Grieg
- Fanny Mendelssohn
- Felix Mendelssohn
- Franz Schubert
- Clara Schumann
- Robert Schumann
- Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

#### **Impressionistic**

- Claude Debussy
- Maurice Ravel

#### Modern

- Béla Bartók
- Margaret Bonds
- George Gershwin
- Dmitry Kabalevsky
- Francis Poulenc
- Florence Price
- Sergei Prokofiev

Instrument Families: Western Classical					
Woodwinds  • piccolo, flute  • oboe, English horn  • clarinet, bass clarine  • bassoon  • saxophone	Brass  trumpet  French horn  trombone,  bass trombone  euphonium  tuba		Percussion		
Strings     violin     viola     cello     double bass	Vocals		Keyboards  • harpsichord  • clavichord  • piano  • organ		
	Instrument Families: Around the World				
Wind (aerophones) • accordion • bagpipe • dizi	Strings (chordophones)  dulcimer  erhu  shamisen  ukulele	Percussive (idiophones)	Drums (membranophones)		

#### Music Around the World

Argentina: TangoBrazil: Samba

• China: Jingju "Beijing Opera"

Cuba: Son

India: Raag / RagaIndonesia: GamelanJamaica: Reggae

Japan: Enka

Mexico: MariachiMiddle East: Takht

Native America: Inuit Throat-Singing

• South Africa: Mbube "Lion"

• Spain: Flamenco

Trinidad & Tobago: CalypsoUnited States: Gospel

#### **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: minor 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 2<sup>nd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 4<sup>th</sup>, perfect 5<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, major 7<sup>th</sup>, perfect octave (played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Triads: Major, minor, augmented, diminished triads
   (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Seventh Chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, diminished 7<sup>th</sup>
  (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Cadences: Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor, chromatic, blues (in a short musical excerpt)
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (texture and style only)

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- What is your definition of "music"? Some people create sounds with kitchen utensils, electronically-generated sounds, or even recording sounds in nature. Does somebody need intent of making music in order for it to be music? Where do you draw the boundaries?
- What is your definition of "critical thinking"? How might you explain this term to someone that is not familiar with it?
- If another pianist were to tell you that they can play all their scales, chords, and arpeggios well but they simply don't get why they need to practice them, what would you tell them?

## **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have ten (10) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 8

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **fifteen (15) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet</li> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 3-4 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: Approximately an octave + 5<sup>th</sup> range</li> <li>Harmony: All diatonic triads + dominant 7<sup>th</sup> and slash chords</li> <li>Improvise for 1-2 minutes utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)</li> <li>Modal borrowing</li> <li>Polyrhythms</li> <li>Ascending or descending bass lines (diatonic)</li> </ol>		
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>		

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ If you could ask the composer of one of your pieces, what question(s) would you have for the composer about the decisions they made in composing the piece?
- ★ As you were practicing for this Evaluation, what went well? What would you change the next time around?
- ★ Do you get nervous when performing or giving presentations in front of other people? What kind of advice would you give to those that might get nervous?
- ★ What would you want the audience to take away after hearing you perform?
- ★ What do you think would be an interesting question for evaluators to ask students?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

## **Written Examination**

## Early Advanced | Levels 7 & 8

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	All Major and minor key signatures		
Intervals	<ul> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor, diminished, Augmented</li> </ul>		
Scales	<ul> <li>All Major and minor (natural, harmonic, melodic) scales</li> <li>Parallel, relative, enharmonic scales</li> <li>Chromatic, whole-tone, octatonic, blues scales</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> </ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major, minor, diminished, Augmented triads         (figured bass and lead sheet symbols)         <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Seventh chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, Dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, (fully) diminished 7<sup>th</sup> <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> inversions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Primary Chords & Harmonization	I-IV-V in Classical, ii-V-I in Jazz		
Cadences	Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive cadences		
Modulation	Secondary dominants, pivot chord, direct modulation		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Hemiolas</li> <li>Time Signatures: irregular meters</li> </ul>		
Form & Analysis	<ul> <li>Counterpoint         <ul> <li>Subject, answer, countersubject</li> <li>Real vs. tonal</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sonata form         <ul> <li>Exposition, development, recapitulation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Signs & Terms			
Texture	<ul><li>Polyphonic vs. homophonic</li><li>Repetition, sequence, imitation</li></ul>		
Style	<ul> <li>agitato, animato, cantabile, con brio, con fuoco, con moto, dolce, doloroso, espressivo, giocoso, grazioso, maestoso, marcato, pesante, risoluto, robusto, scherzando, sotto voce, spiritoso, tranquillo, vivace</li> </ul>		
Ornaments	turn, mordent, trill		
Other Terms	<ul> <li>allargando, morendo, non troppo</li> <li>augmentation vs. diminution</li> <li>pedal point</li> </ul>		

## **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to match the composer with the period, instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

## Western Classical Music History: Composers

#### **Baroque**

- Johann Sebastian Bach
- George Frideric Handel
- Henry Purcell
- Jean-Philippe Rameau
- Domenico Scarlatti
- Georg Philipp Telemann
- Antonio Vivaldi

#### Classical

- Ludwig van Beethoven
- Muzio Clementi
- Carl Czerny
- Anton Diabelli
- Joseph Haydn
- Friedrich Kuhlau
- Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

#### Romantic

- Johannes Brahms
- Frédéric Chopin
- Samuel Coleridge-Taylor
- Edvard Grieg
- Fanny Mendelssohn
- Felix Mendelssohn
- Franz Schubert
- Clara Schumann
- Robert Schumann
- Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

#### **Impressionistic**

- Claude Debussy
- Maurice Ravel

#### Modern

- Béla Bartók
- Margaret Bonds
- George Gershwin
- Dmitry Kabalevsky
- Francis Poulenc
- Florence Price
- Sergei Prokofiev

Instrument Families: Western Classical			
Woodwinds  • piccolo, flute  • oboe, English horn  • clarinet, bass clarine  • bassoon  • saxophone	t • trom bass • euph • tuba	pet ch horn bone, trombone onium	Percussion  • snare drum, bass drum, timpani  • cymbals, triangle  • xylophone, marimba, vibraphone, glockenspiel
<ul><li>Strings</li><li>violin</li><li>viola</li><li>cello</li><li>double bass</li></ul>	Vocals		Keyboards  • harpsichord  • clavichord  • piano  • organ
	Instrument Famili	es: Around the World	
Wind (aerophones) • accordion • bagpipe • dizi	Strings (chordophones)  dulcimer  erhu  shamisen  ukulele	Percussive (idiophones)	Drums (membranophones) • bongo • kendang • tabla • taiko

#### Music Around the World

Argentina: TangoBrazil: Samba

• China: Jingju "Beijing Opera"

Cuba: Son

India: Raag / RagaIndonesia: GamelanJamaica: Reggae

Japan: Enka

Mexico: MariachiMiddle East: Takht

Native America: Inuit Throat-Singing

South Africa: Mbube "Lion"

• Spain: Flamenco

Trinidad & Tobago: CalypsoUnited States: Gospel

#### **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: minor 2<sup>nd</sup>, major 2<sup>nd</sup>, minor 3<sup>rd</sup>, major 3<sup>rd</sup>, perfect 4<sup>th</sup>, perfect 5<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, major 7<sup>th</sup>, perfect octave (played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Triads: Major, minor, augmented, diminished triads (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- **Seventh Chords**: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, diminished 7<sup>th</sup> (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Cadences: Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor, chromatic, blues (in a short musical excerpt)
- Signs & Terms: from those listed above (texture and style only)

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- What is your definition of "music"? Some people create sounds with kitchen utensils, electronically-generated sounds, or even recording sounds in nature. Does somebody need intent of making music in order for it to be music? Where do you draw the boundaries?
- What is your definition of "critical thinking"? How might you explain this term to someone that is not familiar with it?
- If another pianist were to tell you that they can play all their scales, chords, and arpeggios well but they simply don't get why they need to practice them, what would you tell them?

## **Optional Project**

#### **Project Exhibition**

Students will have ten (10) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 9

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **twenty (20) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet</li> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 4-5 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: Up to two-octave range</li> <li>Harmony: Diatonic 7<sup>th</sup> chords (dominant, major, minor)</li> <li>Improvise for 2-3 minutes utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)</li> <li>Ascending or descending bass line (diatonic)</li> <li>Line cliché</li> <li>Quartal/quintal harmony</li> </ol>
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ol> <li>Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ol>

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ What is an inspiring quote that you think would be great for other students and teachers to know? Why do you find it inspiring?
- ★ Do you get nervous when performing or giving presentations in front of other people? What kind of advice would you give to those that might get nervous?
- ★ What would you want the audience to take away after hearing you perform?
- ★ What do you think would be an interesting question for evaluators to ask students?
- ★ How do you feel preparing for this Evaluation differed from studying for an academic school exam?
- ★ Regarding the physical technique of playing the piano, what are some tips or concepts that you think would be good for all piano students to know. You may demonstrate on the piano if you wish.
- ★ When we make music at the piano, there are three senses at work: sight, sound, and touch. Can you explain how consider these senses when you perform?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

## **Written Examination**

## Advanced | Levels 9 & 10

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	All Major and minor key signatures		
Intervals	<ul> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor, diminished, Augmented</li> </ul>		
Scales	<ul> <li>All Major and minor (natural, harmonic, melodic) scales</li> <li>Parallel, relative, enharmonic scales</li> <li>Chromatic, whole-tone, octatonic, blues scales</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> <li>Major and minor pentatonic scales</li> <li>All modes</li> </ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major, minor, diminished, Augmented triads (figured bass and lead sheet symbols)         <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Seventh chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, Dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, (fully) diminished 7<sup>th</sup> <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> inversions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Secondary dominants</li> <li>Altered pre-dominants: Neapolitan sixth, augmented sixth chords (Italian, French, German)</li> <li>add2, add4, sus2, sus4, sixth chords (e.g., C6)</li> <li>Extensions: 9ths, 11ths, 13ths</li> </ul>		
Cadences	<ul> <li>Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive cadences</li> <li>Modal cadences</li> </ul>		
Modulation	Secondary dominants, pivot chord, direct modulation		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Hemiolas</li> <li>Time Signatures: mixed meters</li> </ul>		

Form & Analysis	<ul> <li>Counterpoint</li> <li>Subject, answer, countersubject</li> <li>Real vs. tonal</li> <li>Sonata form</li> <li>Exposition, development, recapitulation</li> </ul>			
Signs & Terms				
Non-Chord Tones	<ul> <li>passing tones, neighbor tones (upper and lower), appoggiatura, escape tone, anticipation, suspension, retardation</li> </ul>			
Other Terms	<ul> <li>secundal, tertian, quartal/quintal harmony</li> <li>planing</li> <li>twelve-tone row, serialism</li> </ul>			

## **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to match the composer with the period, instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

#### Western Classical Music History: Composers

## Baroque

- Johann Sebastian Bach
- George Frideric Handel
- Henry Purcell
- Jean-Philippe Rameau
- Domenico Scarlatti
- Georg Philipp Telemann
- Antonio Vivaldi

## Classical

- Ludwig van Beethoven
- Muzio Clementi
- Carl Czerny
- Anton Diabelli
- Joseph Haydn
- Friedrich Kuhlau
- Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

#### Romantic

- Johannes Brahms
- Frédéric Chopin
- Samuel Coleridge-Taylor
- Edvard Grieg
- Franz Liszt
- Fanny Mendelssohn
- Felix Mendelssohn
- Sergei Rachmaninoff
- Franz Schubert
- Clara Schumann
- Robert Schumann
- Alexander Scriabin
- Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

## Impressionistic

- Claude Debussy
- Maurice Ravel

#### Modern

- Béla Bartók
- Margaret Bonds
- John Cage
- Aaron Copland
- George Gershwin
- Alberto Ginastera
- Dmitry Kabalevsky
- Francis Poulenc
- Florence Price
- Sergei Prokofiev
- Arnold Schoenberg
- Dmitri Shostakovich
- Heitor Villa-Lobos

## Instrument Families: Around the World

# Wind (aerophones)

- accordion
- bagpipe
- didgeridoo
- dizi
- shakuhachi

# Strings (chordophones)

- balalaika
- dulcimer
- erhu
- guzheng
- shamisen
- sitar
- ukulele

# Percussive (idiophones)

- castanets
- claves
- crotales
- gong
- mbira
- steelpan

# Drums (membranophones)

- bongo
- kendang
- tabla
- taiko

#### Music Around the World

- Argentina: Tango
- Brazil: Samba
- China: Jingju "Beijing Opera"
- · Cuba: Son
- Hawaii: Slack Key Guitar
- India: Raag / Raga
- Indonesia: Gamelan
- Iran: Dastgah
- Jamaica: Reggae
- Japan: Enka

- Korea: Pansori
- Mexico: Mariachi
- Middle East: Takht
- · Native America: Inuit Throat-Singing
- Nigeria: Juju
- Pakistan: Qawwali
- South Africa: Mbube "Lion"
- Spain: Flamenco
- Trinidad & Tobago: Calypso
- United States: Gospel

#### **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: All within one octave (played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Chords: Major, minor, augmented, diminished triads; major add2, minor add2, sus4 chords
- (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- **Seventh Chords**: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, diminished 7<sup>th</sup> (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- **Harmony**: secundal, tertian, quartal (in a short musical excerpt)
- Cadences: Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor, chromatic, blues (in a short musical excerpt)
- Modes: Dorian, Phrygian, Lydian, Mixolydian (in a short musical excerpt)

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- Most high-level soloists are expected to perform repertoire memorized. Do you agree or disagree with this practice? What are some benefits of performing memorized and strategies for memorizing music? Or, if you disagree and think memorization should be optional, why?
- What would you say to a student that tells you that they understand theory concepts well but just views it as "homework" assignments and relatively boring?
- Many schools in recent years have cut music and arts programs because of budget cuts or prioritization of other "core" study areas. Some may argue that the arts do not equip students with marketable skills in today's economy. Should school prioritize these core skills over the arts? What do you think the effects in society will be if schools deprioritize arts education?
- A unique aspect of taking piano lessons is that you can potentially take lessons with the same lessons for many years. Do you feel that a piano teacher should also act as a mentor for you or should primarily stick with teaching you music only?
- Congratulations on making it this far with your studies! While some of you will go on to pursue music in college and as a career, others will not. Regardless of which path you are on, what do you think is the value of music lessons for students that will not pursue music (officially) in college and beyond?

## **Optional Project**

## **Project Exhibition**

Students will have ten (10) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

# Level 10

#### **Performance Evaluation**

#### Repertoire + Program Notes

A minimum of three (3) pieces are required. Scores (sheet music) must also be provided. (Two original scores are required for non-memorized repertoire performed at in-person Evaluations.) Fully notated music and lead sheets both are permitted for use as scores.

An **optional fourth piece** may be performed with or without a score. For example, if a student wants to play a self-composed composition that is not yet notated or a piece they learned by ear, they can submit it without a score as the fourth piece. Playing more pieces does not raise your score, but allows you to receive more feedback from the evaluator.

One piece must be from the Syllabus, which includes a wide selection of music. For this year, we will use the <u>CAPMT Piano Auditions Repertoire List</u> as the Syllabus. The remaining pieces must be approximately at or above the level of the Syllabus piece. The additional pieces do not need to be from the Syllabus. In fact, we encourage that you discover new music that can be shared with others through this process.

Students should share brief Program Notes about each piece before performing. They can provide context about the piece and/or composer, a personal connection to the piece (e.g., how they discovered the piece or why they like it), or even simply some musical characteristics of the piece like mood or style. This will count towards the overall Stage Presence rating.

See pp. 7-8 for more information on Repertoire Selection.

#### Time Limit

The time limit is **twenty (20) minutes**. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

There is no memorization requirement. No marks will be deducted or awarded for memorizing a piece or not. If a student is performing with music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

#### **Creative Skills**

Students must choose to perform one of the five options below.

"On the Spot" Creativity	<ol> <li>Sight Read a Lead Sheet</li> <li>Key: Major or minor key with 2-3 flats or sharps</li> <li>Melody: Up to two-octave range</li> <li>Harmony: Some chromatic seventh chords and V7(b9) and V7(#9)</li> <li>Improvise for 3-4 minutes utilizing one or more of the following concepts below (student's choice). (Student may be stopped if going over time, but there is no penalty for going over.)</li> <li>Ascending or descending bass lines (chromatic)</li> <li>Chromatic harmony (secondary dominants, tritone substitution, altered dominants, etc.)</li> <li>Extensions (9ths, 11ths, 13ths)</li> <li>Transpose around Circle of 4ths/5ths</li> </ol>	
Pre-Planned Creative Works	<ul> <li>3. Perform a self-composed composition (notation optional)</li> <li>4. Perform a self-arranged arrangement (notation optional)</li> <li>5. Perform from a student-provided lead sheet</li> </ul>	

#### **Chat with Evaluator**

Two (2) questions will be asked by evaluator. Sample questions are listed below.

- ★ What is an inspiring quote that you think would be great for other students and teachers to know? Why do you find it inspiring?
- ★ Do you get nervous when performing or giving presentations in front of other people? What kind of advice would you give to those that might get nervous?
- ★ What would you want the audience to take away after hearing you perform?
- ★ What do you think would be an interesting question for evaluators to ask students?
- ★ How do you feel preparing for this Evaluation differed from studying for an academic school exam?
- ★ Regarding the physical technique of playing the piano, what are some tips or concepts that you think would be good for all piano students to know. You may demonstrate on the piano if you wish.
- ★ When we make music at the piano, there are three senses at work: sight, sound, and touch. Can you explain how consider these senses when you perform?

Evaluators will then give students the opportunity to ask them a question of discussion.

## **Written Examination**

## Advanced | Levels 9 & 10

This is an open-note examination – you may use any study tools as needed.

- Two Musical Excerpts (15 pts each)
- Music History + Around the World (10 pts)
- Ear Training (5 pts)
- Critical Thinking Short Answer (5 pts)

Key Signatures	All Major and minor key signatures		
Intervals	<ul> <li>Unison through octave</li> <li>Major, Perfect, minor, diminished, Augmented</li> </ul>		
Scales	<ul> <li>All Major and minor (natural, harmonic, melodic) scales</li> <li>Parallel, relative, enharmonic scales</li> <li>Chromatic, whole-tone, octatonic, blues scales</li> <li>All scale degrees (including subtonic)</li> <li>Major and minor pentatonic scales</li> <li>All modes</li> </ul>		
Chords & Inversions	<ul> <li>Major, minor, diminished, Augmented triads         (figured bass and lead sheet symbols)         <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup> inversion, 2<sup>nd</sup> inversion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Seventh chords: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, Dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, (fully) diminished 7<sup>th</sup> <ul> <li>Root position, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> inversions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Secondary dominants</li> <li>Altered pre-dominants: Neapolitan sixth, augmented sixth chords (Italian, French, German)</li> <li>add2, add4, sus2, sus4, sixth chords (e.g., C6)</li> <li>Extensions: 9ths, 11ths, 13ths</li> </ul>		
Cadences	<ul> <li>Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive cadences</li> <li>Modal cadences</li> </ul>		
Modulation	Secondary dominants, pivot chord, direct modulation		
Rhythm & Meter	<ul> <li>Hemiolas</li> <li>Time Signatures: mixed meters</li> </ul>		
Form & Analysis	<ul> <li>Counterpoint</li> <li>Subject, answer, countersubject</li> <li>Real vs. tonal</li> <li>Sonata form</li> <li>Exposition, development, recapitulation</li> </ul>		

Signs & Terms			
Non-Chord Tones	<ul> <li>passing tones, neighbor tones (upper and lower), appoggiatura, escape tone, anticipation, suspension, retardation</li> </ul>		
Other Terms	<ul> <li>secundal, tertian, quartal/quintal harmony</li> <li>planing</li> <li>twelve-tone row, serialism</li> </ul>		

## **Music History & Around the World**

For the three categories below, students will only need to match the composer with the period, instrument with the family, and music genre with the country/region.

## Western Classical Music History: Composers

#### **Baroque**

- Johann Sebastian Bach
- George Frideric Handel
- Henry Purcell
- Jean-Philippe Rameau
- Domenico Scarlatti
- Georg Philipp Telemann
- Antonio Vivaldi

#### Classical

- Ludwig van Beethoven
- Muzio Clementi
- Carl Czerny
- Anton Diabelli
- Joseph Haydn
- Friedrich Kuhlau
- Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart

#### Romantic

- Johannes Brahms
- Frédéric Chopin
- Samuel Coleridge-Taylor
- Edvard Grieg
- Franz Liszt
- Fanny Mendelssohn
- Felix Mendelssohn
- Sergei Rachmaninoff
- Franz Schubert
- Clara Schumann
- Robert SchumannAlexander Scriabin
- Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

## Modern

- Béla Bartók
- Margaret Bonds
- John Cage
- Aaron Copland
- George Gershwin
- Alberto Ginastera
- Dmitry Kabalevsky
- Francis Poulenc
- Florence Price
- Sergei Prokofiev
- Arnold Schoenberg
- Dmitri Shostakovich
- Heitor Villa-Lobos

## Impressionistic

- Claude Debussy
- Maurice Ravel

Instrument Families: Around the World				
Wind (aerophones)	Strings (chordophones)	Percussive (idiophones)	Drums (membranophones)	
<ul><li>accordion</li><li>bagpipe</li><li>didgeridoo</li><li>dizi</li><li>shakuhachi</li></ul>	<ul> <li>balalaika</li> <li>dulcimer</li> <li>erhu</li> <li>guzheng</li> <li>shamisen</li> <li>sitar</li> <li>ukulele</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>castanets</li> <li>claves</li> <li>crotales</li> <li>gong</li> <li>mbira</li> <li>steelpan</li> </ul>	<ul><li>bongo</li><li>kendang</li><li>tabla</li><li>taiko</li></ul>	

#### Music Around the World

Argentina: Tango

Brazil: Samba

China: Jingju "Beijing Opera"

• Cuba: Son

Hawaii: Slack Key Guitar

India: Raag / RagaIndonesia: Gamelan

Iran: DastgahJamaica: ReggaeJapan: Enka

Korea: Pansori

Mexico: MariachiMiddle East: Takht

• Native America: Inuit Throat-Singing

Nigeria: Juju

Pakistan: Qawwali

• South Africa: Mbube "Lion"

Spain: Flamenco

Trinidad & Tobago: Calypso

United States: Gospel

#### **Ear Training**

Students will be able to playback the audio sample as many times as desired. Five of the items below will appear of the Written Examination.

- Intervals: All within one octave (played blocked, broken, and in a short musical excerpt)
- Chords: Major, minor, augmented, diminished triads; major add2, minor add2, sus4 chords
- (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- **Seventh Chords**: Major 7<sup>th</sup>, dominant 7<sup>th</sup>, minor 7<sup>th</sup>, half-diminished 7<sup>th</sup>, diminished 7<sup>th</sup> (root position, played blocked, and in a short musical excerpt)
- **Harmony**: secundal, tertian, quartal (in a short musical excerpt)
- Cadences: Authentic, half, plagal, deceptive (in a short musical excerpt)
- Scales: Major, natural/harmonic/melodic minor, chromatic, blues (in a short musical excerpt)
- Modes: Dorian, Phrygian, Lydian, Mixolydian (in a short musical excerpt)

#### **Critical Thinking Short Answer**

A minimum of five sentences is required. One of the prompts below will appear on the Written Examination.

- Most high-level soloists are expected to perform repertoire memorized. Do you agree or disagree with this practice? What are some benefits of performing memorized and strategies for memorizing music? Or, if you disagree and think memorization should be optional, why?
- What would you say to a student that tells you that they understand theory concepts well but just views it as "homework" assignments and relatively boring?
- Many schools in recent years have cut music and arts programs because of budget cuts or prioritization of other "core" study areas. Some may argue that the arts do not equip students with marketable skills in today's economy. Should school prioritize these core skills over the arts? What do you think the effects in society will be if schools deprioritize arts education?
- A unique aspect of taking piano lessons is that you can potentially take lessons with the same lessons for many years. Do you feel that a piano teacher should also act as a mentor for you or should primarily stick with teaching you music only?
- Congratulations on making it this far with your studies! While some of you will go on to pursue music in college and as a career, others will not. Regardless of which path you are on, what do you think is the value of music lessons for students that will not pursue music (officially) in college and beyond?

## **Optional Project**

## **Project Exhibition**

Students will have ten (10) minutes to share their project. While this is optional and does not count for any marks, it is required to be considered for Honors. The time limit includes time to describe the project and to show it.

## **Artist Competition**

## **Performance Requirements**

#### Instruments

Open to soloists of all instruments and voice. Accompanists are encouraged, but not required.

## Repertoire + Program Notes

Three (3) pieces must be performed:

- 1. A fully-notated composition, originally written for performer's instrument
  - No transcriptions or arrangements.
  - Must be performed as written without cuts.
  - Cannot be composed by the performer.
  - Must be a professionally-sold composition, either in a print form or purchased PDF.
  - Notation must be provided.

#### 2. A second piece in a different genre

- Arrangements are acceptable, as long as it is professionally-sold, either in a print form or purchased PDF
- Notation must be provided, but does NOT need to be performed exactly as written (some improvisation, arranging, etc., is allowed)
- Note that all periods in Western Classical Music (Baroque, Classical, Romantic, etc.) all count as one genre
- See p. 8 for examples

#### 3. A creative piece

- A performance with a creative element is required
  - i. Examples include lead sheets, original compositions or arrangements (composed by performer), improvisation, etc.
- Notation is optional
- A backing track may be used (student must supply own speaker)

While there are no other restrictions in terms of leveling for repertoire selection, it is recommended that repertoire of a significant difficulty be chosen.

Students are encouraged to share a quick sentence or two of Program Notes about each piece before performing. What are some unique qualities of the piece? Why is it significant to you? Any other interesting background that listeners should know about?

#### **Feedback**

Written feedback will be provided from adjudicators. No numerical scores will be assigned.

#### **Time Limit**

The time limit is twenty (20) minutes. All pieces, including program notes/introductions, must be completed within this time limit.

#### Memorization

While memorization is factored into tie-breaking decisions, it is otherwise not required. If a student is performing with sheet music, two original scores are required for in-person Evaluations, one for the student and one for the Evaluator. Photocopies, including those from IMSLP, are not allowed. (Photocopies are allowed to facilitate page turns, but the original score must be present.)

## **Written Examination & Project Exhibion**

There is no Written Examination or Project Exhibition for the Artist Competition.